

How Google works $\rightarrow$ Search engine

Query: artificial intelligence $\Rightarrow$ ranked list of web pages

1) Look if query words are in the document
Frequency of query in doc; high freq indicates high relevance

2) Web page contains query words and there are rare
... Monte Carlo tree search

Inverse document frequency: each word $\rightarrow$ fraction of all documents on web containing it
~~smaller~~ $1/\dots$ by $\Rightarrow$ word is specific

$$\sum_{\text{word}} \text{term frequency} * \frac{\text{inverse document frequency}}{\text{fn of word}}$$

↑
fn of document ↑
fn of word

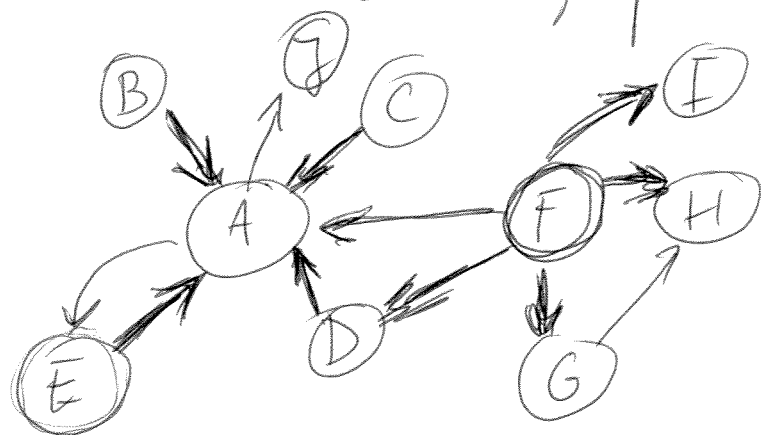
Sort docs in this way
needs to be computed at query time

Large dictionary
(Hash Map)
Computed offline

Page Rank: Reputation-based system

L33-2

↑
computed automatically from structure of the web graph.



A has high "in-degree" (links converging)

A is a "reference" aka high reputation

F has high "out-degree" (links going out)

F is a "repository" so low reputation

Nodes with references into them from authorities are likely to also be good quality.

Node $\rightarrow$ PageRank (number). High = good.

$PR(v)$: page rank of v (computed for all v 's)

$Out(v)$: Out-degree of v

$u_1, u_2, \dots, u_k$: nodes pointing to v

$$PR(u_1) \begin{array}{c} (u_1) \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (v) \\ \leftarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (u_k) \\ \leftarrow \end{array} PR(u_k) \quad PR(v) = \sum \frac{PR(u_i)}{Out(u_i)}$$

Giant system of linear equations:

$$\forall v \quad PR(v) = \sum_{u_i} \frac{PR(u_i)}{Out(u_i)}$$

Dampening: $PR(v) = (1-d)PR(v) + d \sum_{u_i} \frac{PR(u_i)}{Out(u_i)}$

$d \in (0, 1) \rightarrow$ system has a solution

Not going to solve directly $\rightarrow$ treat each equation as an ~~set~~ "update rule"

Randomize selection of v

at a picked v : $PR(v) \xleftarrow{\text{update}} (1-d)PR(v) + d \sum_{u_i} \frac{PR(u_i)}{Out(u_i)}$

$Out(u_i)$ needs to be known

$PR(u_i) \rightarrow$ current guesses

Solving fixed-point equations

$$\vec{x} = f(\vec{x}) \quad \text{fixed-point of } f$$

special case: f is linear

Iterative algorithm: start with x_0 (guess for sol)

$$x_{i+1} \leftarrow f(x_i)$$

If f is "well-behaved", $x_i \xrightarrow{i \rightarrow \infty} x^*$ st $x^* = f(x^*)$

$$X_{i+1} = (1-d) X_i + d f(X_i)$$

(L33-9)

$1-d \approx 1$ ($d \approx 0$) moving very slowly
 $X_{i+1} \approx X_i$ safe

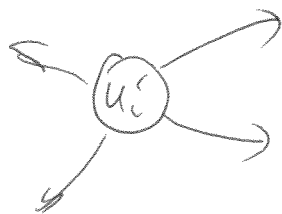
$1-d \approx 0 \Rightarrow X$'s may diverge / oscillate dep on f

Initially: associate a value to $PR(v) \rightarrow$ update.

Out-degrees always get updated by crawling
 PR also updated by crawling.

word $\rightarrow$ links of docs containing it (Hash Map)
 also updated by crawlers

Query $\rightarrow$ words $\rightarrow$ show docs that contain the words in decreasing order of Page Rank



$$\frac{PR(u_i)}{Out(u_i)} = \text{traffic going out of } u_i$$

Start at u_0 & p prop to $PR(u_0)$ of u_i

What is the chance of hitting some node v ?