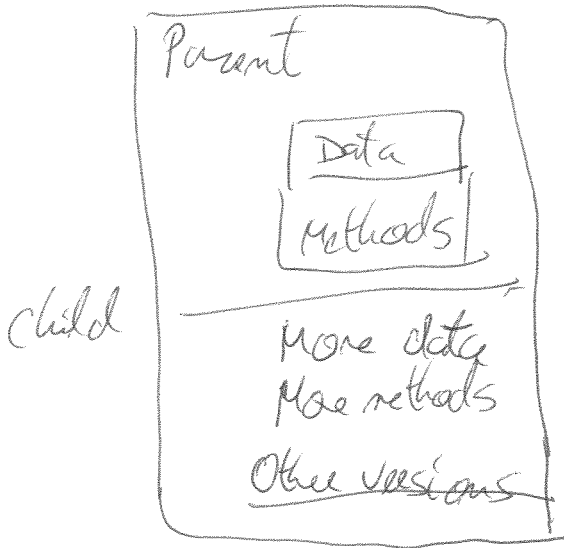


Java - Inheritance ; abstract classes
Parent class

|

Child class extends Parent class
super (something that Parent has)



```
public class PositivePoly extend extends Poly {
```

```
    public PositivePoly() {
```

```
        super(); // call to parent constructor
    }
```

```
    public PositivePoly (double[] a) throws throws Exception {
        super(a); // Poly(a) → allocates coefficients
                    // → copy elements from a
```

```
        for for (int i=0; i < coefficients.length; i++)
```

```
            if (coefficients[i] < 0)
```

```
                throw new Exception("No neg coef");
    }
```

// similarly

```
public public PositivePoly (Poly p) throws Exception {
```

```
    super(p); // Poly(p)
```

```
    // check as above
```

```
}
```

Poly $\rightarrow$ p.add(q)

(L8-3)

PositivePoly $\rightarrow$ p.add(q)

~~Pos~~ // in PositivePoly

~~PositivePoly~~ public PositivePoly add (PositivePoly q) {

Poly r = ~~this~~ super.add(q);

look at parent methods; call add

// children can be used ~~as~~ as variables of their parent type

// NOT the other way around!

return ~~super~~ new PositivePoly (r);

result of parent add was a Poly
need to "convert" it to PositivePoly

}

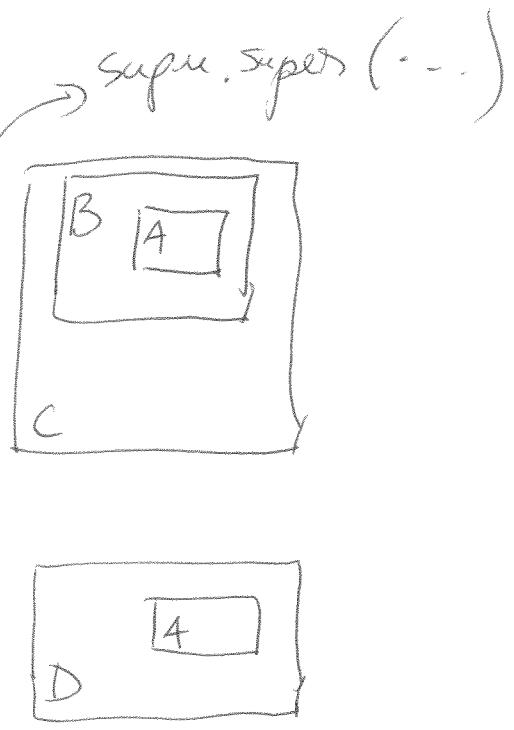
// alternatively

return new PositivePoly (super.add(q));

```
public class Test Poly {  
    . . . main . . . {  
        PositivePoly p = new PositivePoly ({1, 2, 3});  
        PositivePoly q = new PositivePoly ({4, 5});  
        PositivePoly r = p.add(q);  
        r.displayPoly(); // same effect as for any Poly  
                        // print conf. array  
    }  
}
```

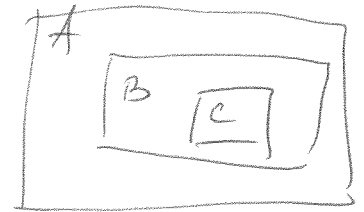
What extensions are allowed in Java

```
public class A { . . . }  
public class B extends A { . . . }  
public class C extends B { . . . }  
public class D extends A { . . . }  
public class E extends B, D { . . . }
```

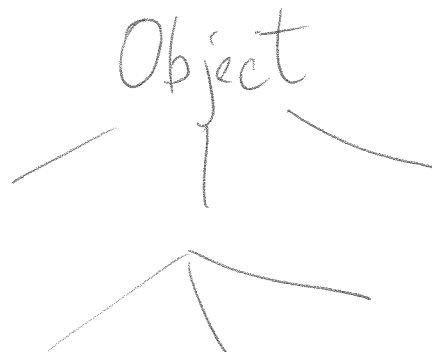
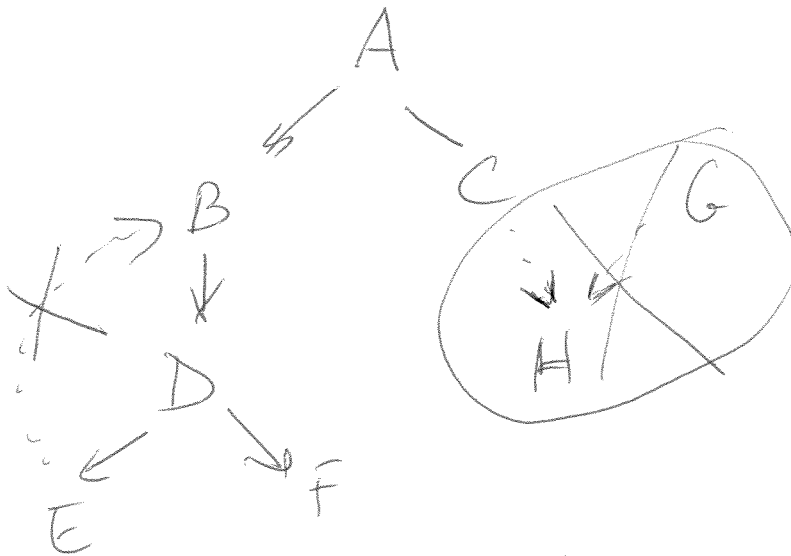


In Java this is not allowed!!
May be naming conflicts

public class A extends B { ... }
 public class B extends C { ... }
 public class C extends A { ... }
 ↳ compiler error!



circular (class would end up depending on itself)



Abstraction → Circular objects

(L8-5)

Circular class

- some things are known: all such objects will need a radius, π
- some things are not known: exact formula to compute area.

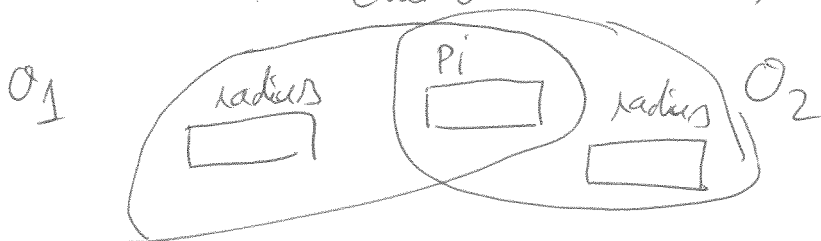
public abstract class Circular {

not everything will be specified now
double radius;

// π is a constant; every body shares it
// no one can re-declare it

static final double $\pi = 3.14...$;

↑ shared among all objects of this class
↑ no children can re-declare/modify



// constructor

// accessor / mutator for radius

public abstract ~~double~~ getArea();

↑ this method will be written by children

public class Circle extends Circular {

// radius

// constructor

public double getArea() {

return $\text{PI} \times \text{radius} \times \text{radius}$;
}

// MUST provide an implementation for all
abstract methods

// same signature for methods

// else this class would be abstract too
}

public class Sphere extends Circular {

public double getArea() {

}