COMP 350 Numerical Computing

Assignment #4. Solving a nonlinear equation.

Given date: Monday, October 21. Due date: Wednesday, October 30, 2013.

1. (6 points) In class, we showed that if Newton's iteration converges to r, a root of f(x) = 0, then usually it has quadratic convergence rate, i.e., $\lim_{n\to\infty} |x_{n+1} - r|/|x_n - r|^2 = c$, where $c \neq 0$ is a constant. From a numerical experiment on $f(x) = x^2 - 2$, we found after $f(x_n)$ is small enough, $f(x_n)$ is squared every step. In fact it is usually true for a general nonlinear equation. Suppose f, f' and f'' are continuous. Prove that if x_n converges to a root, $f(x_n)$ usually converges to 0 with quadratic convergence, i.e., $\lim_{n\to\infty} |f(x_{n+1})|/|f(x_n)|^2 = c$ for a nonzero constant c.

Note: Use the Taylor series theory in your analysis. The proof is not difficult.

2. (4 points) In class, we derived Newton's method by using the first two terms in the Taylor series. Derive a new method by using the first three terms in the Taylor series in a similar way.

(Bonus 5 points) Show usually the new method has cubic convergence.

3. (10 points) Write a Matlab program secant.m for the secant method. Suppose we want to find the largest positive root of $f(x) = x^3 - 5x + 3$. Plot the graph of y = f(x) on an appropriate interval by Matlab (check how to use Matlab build-in function plot). Use your secant.m to compute the root. Also use Newton's method, the new method you derived in question 2, and the bisection method to compute the root. You can choose any appropriate initial points and initial interval, but for simplicity we require the initial points and the end points of the initial interval be integer numbers. Take tolerances xtol=1.e-12 and ftol=1.e-12 for Newton's method, the new method, and the secant method, and take delta=1.e-12 for the bisection method. Set a big number for the maximum number of iterations of the secant method and Newton's method such that the iteration stops only when xtol=1.e-12 or ftol=1.e-12 is satisfied. Comment on the speeds of convergence of these four methods. Print out the graph of y = f(x)and the commands you used to plot the graph, your program secant.m, and other M-files related to f(x). Also print out the results of each iteration step. You can use M-files newton.m and bisection.m on the course web site.